

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 60.381

ducted to separate control devices, the lead emission concentration (C) from the facility shall be determined as follows:

$$C = \left[\sum_{a=1}^n (C_s Q_{sda}) \right] / \sum_{a=1}^n Q_{sda}$$

where:

C=concentration of lead emissions for the entire facility, mg/dscm (gr/dscf).

C_a=concentration of lead emissions from facility "a", mg/dscm (gr/dscf).

Q_{sda}=volumetric flow rate of effluent gas from facility "a", dscm/hr (dscf/hr).

N=total number of control devices to which separate operations in the facility are ducted.

(3) Method 9 and the procedures in § 60.11 shall be used to determine opacity. The opacity numbers shall be rounded off to the nearest whole percentage.

(c) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the lead standard in § 60.372(a)(4) as follows:

(1) The emission rate (E) from lead oxide manufacturing facility shall be computed for each run using the following equation:

$$E = \left(\sum_{i=1}^M C_{Pbi} Q_{sdi} \right) / (PK)$$

where:

E=emission rate of lead, mg/kg (lb/ton) of lead charged.

C_{Pbi}=concentration of lead from emission point "i," mg/dscm (gr/dscf).

Q_{sdi}=volumetric flow rate of effluent gas from emission point "i," dscm/hr (dscf/hr).

M=number of emission points in the affected facility.

P=lead feed rate to the facility, kg/hr (ton/hr).

K=conversion factor, 1.0 mg/mg (7000 gr/lb).

(2) Method 12 shall be used to determine the lead concentration (C_{Pb}) and the volumetric flow rate (Q_{sd}) of the effluent gas. The sampling time and sample volume for each run shall be at least 60 minutes and 0.85 dscm (30 dscf).

(3) The average lead feed rate (P) shall be determined for each run using the following equation:

$$P = N W / \Theta$$

where:

N=number of lead pigs (ingots) charged.

W=average mass of a pig, kg (ton).

Θ=duration of run, hr.

[54 FR 6675, Feb. 14, 1989, as amended at 65 FR 61760, Oct. 17, 2000]

Subpart LL—Standards of Performance for Metallic Mineral Processing Plants

SOURCE: 49 FR 6464, Feb. 21, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 60.380 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities in metallic mineral processing plants: Each crusher and screen in open-pit mines; each crusher, screen, bucket elevator, conveyor belt transfer point, thermal dryer, product packaging station, storage bin, enclosed storage area, truck loading station, truck unloading station, railcar loading station, and railcar unloading station at the mill or concentrator with the following exceptions. All facilities located in underground mines are exempted from the provisions of this subpart. At uranium ore processing plants, all facilities subsequent to and including the beneficiation of uranium ore are exempted from the provisions of this subpart.

(b) An affected facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction or modification after August 24, 1982, is subject to the requirements of this part.

§ 60.381 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart, but not specifically defined in this section, shall have the meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.

Bucket elevator means a conveying device for metallic minerals consisting of a head and foot assembly that supports and drives an endless single or double strand chain or belt to which buckets are attached.

Capture system means the equipment used to capture and transport particulate matter generated by one or more affected facilities to a control device.

Control device means the air pollution control equipment used to reduce particulate matter emissions released to